Kana Historical Soci

Judicions Advertising

BITTING BROS. 30,000 Samples



There's Money In It.

That is the point which purchasers look at every time; "Is there money in it?" If you did not ask yourselves that question before buying, you would be a most notable exception to a universal rule. You not only have a right to ask it, but you have an equally good right to a distinct and convincing answer, and you do not want any squib-bling about it either. If a positive and emphatic declaration will serve your purposes, we will give you one: A better purchase than our \$10 Kersey Overcoats is not within the pos sibilities. Our profit on them is trifling; yours is anything but trifling-you get a good deal the best of the transaction. Equally good values in boys and childrens overcoats this week.

BITTING BROS, Ope-Price Clothiers, Hatters, Furnishers, 126 & 128 - Douglas Ave.

MEN'S

Calf Shoes 403 E. Douglas Ave.

\$3.00.

Guaranteed to wear as long as any \$5.00 shoes on the market.

Ladies Rubbers 25 cts, 33 cts, 45 cts, 50 cts.

Mens Fine Dress Rubbers 75 cts. sold always at \$1.00.

The H. L. SHOBER CO.

312 East Douglas Ave.

A. E. SHOBER, Manager

DR. B. Y. BOYD Medical & Surgic'l Institute



CATARRH.

The Best Treatment known can be had for only \$3.00 Per Moath. And in Throat, Eye and Ear diseases we are having success and demonstrate that these troubles can be cured. Our treatment is the best, our prices the lowest.

DISEASES OF WOMEN. Good results with good pure medicine, aided by that equativing and lovigorating agent ELECTHICITY.

Our success in Chronic and Private troubles with such symtoms as Beblity, Vital Losses, Weakened Farts, Nervousness, Confusion of Heas, Defective Memory, Pimples, Etc. brings is many of the supposed Lapeless cases.

We success where others rail.

DISEASES OF MEN.

DR. B. Y. BOYD'S

Medical and Surgical Institute, 155 North Main St. WICHITA. . . . KANSAS ing Machine. Best on earth.

Gloves, Hosiery, Handker-chiefs, Mitts, Towels, Muf-flers, Ladies and Childrens Underwear, Gents and Boys Underwear; now going like daily. First to come gets

M. B. COHN, 150 N Main

Silk Suspenders for holiday trade; Satin Suspen ders for embroidery. DAVIS + & + FOUTS 146 N. MAIN STREET.

ONYX, MARBLE, IRON. WALNUT, $0 \Lambda K$ and NICKLE CLOCKS.

Clocks of every style, variety and price.

W. W. PEARCE.

\$15 and \$20.

WRITE FOR A CATALOGUE.

Manager.

PAGE'S Hardware Store

For Best Quality at Lowest Prices. Rubber and Leather Belting, Window Glass, Stoves,

518 East Douglas, Opposite the Carey

J. R. HOLLIDAY. WICHITA: GROCERY Bulk Seeds a Specialty.

All Goods Warranted 217East Donglas

STOVES.

Cook Stoves, Gasoline Stoves, Base Burner Heating Stoves, also a large line of small heat

Tinners Tools for sale. Mail orders promptly attend.

TRIMBLE BROS, & CO.

412 East Douglas Avenue. BARNES & NEWCOMB.

RICHLAND BLOCK. 407 E. DOUGLAS AVE. PIANOS AND ORGANS. High grade Bradbury and popular Henning Pianos. Goods All New. Factory Prices

-Easy Terms.-Sole Agents for Standard Sew-

MILLER & HULL,

TAILORS AND DRAPERS. Largest Stock of Fine Woolens in the City.

Finest Tailoring Establishment in the State. - Cor. 1st. and Market. Sedgwick Block,

> SWAB & GLOSSER, TAILORS.

Largest Tailoring Establishment in the State. 145 North Main St.

TRADE TOPICS.

THE WIND-UP OF THE NOVEMBER CORNER IN CORN.

hot cakes, at less than wholesale prices. Crowded Rear Pupping a Sidesher for Been Running a Sideshow for New York Manipulators.

> Western Railway Managers Kicking Against the Detention of Rolling Stock by Eastern Connections.

Wichita Jobber Secures an Important Ruling From the Kansas Railway Commission - The Field Failure in New York a Complete Collapse - Assets

Too Small to Pay the Clerks in the Office. The Union Pacific Hit. Notes.

Chicago, Nov. 30.—The Evening Journal says: "The wind-up on the November corn deal would seem to prove the assertion that the Chicago end was nothing but a sideshow to a big corner in New York. There are some who favor the belief that Cudaby's heavy shipments of corn to New York to cover his contracts there were the cause of the pinch here. The advance in price to \$1.10 in New York, against 75 cents in Chicago, is also evidence that some persons were having the ser ws turned on them in the former city today rather mercilessiy, and speculation was rife as to the fortunate and unfortunate parties. Cash grain was in spiendid was rife as to the fortunate and unfortunate parties. Cash grain was in spiendid
demand, to fill contracts. The manipulators of the corner had to buy, too, in order
to keep up the price. 72 and 74 cents being
the range taken in it. It was a very quiet
but strong corner, shrewdly man pulated
by parties heretofore unsuspected of the
ability to successfully carry out a pinch
in that line. But that they were favored
by circumstances every one acknowledges."

by circumstances every one acknowledges."

One hundred thousand bushels of November corn were defaulted this afternoon at the end of the session of the board of trade. F. J. Ryan & Co. are defaulters to the extent of 60,000 bushels, and it is rumored that Blum & Eggleston are among the firms making up the other 40,000 bushels. The reason Ryan & Co. are defaulters is that an injunction was issued by Judge Tuley restraining them from filling an order of Harry Schloss'. Schloss contracted to deliver November corn when the price was 49% cents. He did not have the corn stored, and when it became necessary for him to pay 75 cents per bushel for 40,000 bushels, he brought an injunction suit, on the ground that a combination had been formed and the price advanced to an unlawful figure. The corn was contracted to Lamson Bros. and was, in turn, sold by them. They expect to pay this shortage and bring suit against F. J. Ryan & Co.

New York, Nov. 30.—Peter B. Wickoff, general freight agout 6f the Central Railing a norder of the Contral Railing and the Commerce act, appealed before Commissioner Shields this morning and was held in \$5.00 bond, to appear before the grand jury of the eastern district of Missouri. The charge against Wickoff is that has been a party to a tariff rate or charge for the shipment of locomotive brakes from East St Louis to Philadelphia, and that he had, with others, discriminated in fayor of the American Brake company.

A VICTORY FOR KANSAS JOBBERS TOPEKA, Kan, Nov. 30.—The state board of railroad commissioners has handed and an admissioner when the price advanced to an unlawful figure. The corn was contracted to Lamson Bros. and was, in turn, soid by them. They expect to pay this shortage and bring suit against F. J. Ryan & Co.

New York, Nov. 30.—Peter B. Wickoff, general freight agout 6f the Central Rail-road of New Jersey, was avarested last night charged with violation of the Commission of the Internet of the care at the contract of the care and freight agout 6f the Central Rail-road of New Jer

200,000 sold in two years.

Merchants, School Teachers
Bookkeepers, Clerks, Stenographers, all give it the highest endorsement.

D. D. MURDOCK,

shortage and bring smt against a color an

to fall short. Owing to the high price at which White put corn in the Chicago market, when the price broke the corn shipped to New York was shipped abroad. The remaining corn in Chicago fell into the hands of a few buyers there, who shipped it as fast as possible to fill the New England demand. The consequence was that it left the Chicago market short of corn. The demand continued, the market was heavily oversold and the holders of cosh corn became the holders of options as well. There was no manipulation in the matter at all. It was just a natural corner, and three or four people who held corn made a combine.

"The jump corn made in this market today was due to a blockade at Buffalo. Some of the western shippers had sold corn down here for November delivery, but owing to the large amount of grain in transit on the lakes, there are 10,000,000 bushels of grain of all sorts for which they cannot find an outlet."

THE RAILWAYS.

Chicago, Nov. 30.—The shipments of eastbound freight from Chicago last week,

Was now, it was impossible to pay off the clerks in the office.

The World this morning says that the Field as consultation yesterday to decide whether Cyrus W. Field should give up his entire fortune and save his son's name from disgrace. Edward Field's liabilities were ascertained to be much larger than Cyrus W. Field portune and save his son's name from disgrace. Edward Field's liabilities were ascertained to be much larger than Cyrus was hoped by the members of the family that some arrangement could be made to keep the facts in Edward Field's failure from the public, and so save the Field name from being smirched with the story of embezziement, theft and fo grey. Two thousand dollars in pew rents of the Tarrytown Presbyterian church, which were turned over to Edward Field as trustee, are missing, as is also \$55,000 collected from the tenants of the Washington building by Field.

Dr. Engene Fuller, who is attending Cyrus W. Field, this morning issued the following builters: "Mr. Field rested fraits better last

CHICAGO, Nov. 30.—The shipments of eastbound freight from Chicago last week, including live stock, aggregated 73,252 tons. As compared with the corresponding week of last year this is an increase of 3,000 tons. It is expected that the volume will reach 100,000 tons per week before the close of the year, though it cannot go much higher than that without straining the capacity of every eastern out straining the capacity of every eastern the straining the capacity of every eastern ments which the firm had made in Cuban sugar reflueries, which are estimated at out straining the capacity of every eastern line. Already they are using so much of the equipment of their western connections that the latter are complaining loudly. All the western roads are short of cars. They say that they are compelled to furnish rolling stock for transportation clear to the seaboard, and that the eastern lines make little effort to return their cars promptly. The consequence is that they are suffering from a scarcity of cars, although they own sufficient equipment to enable them to handle their business without inconvenience if they could but keep the cars on their own lines. It is rumored today that the commissioners of the Western Traffic association are to hold a secret meeting this week for the purpose of investigating the alleged violations of the famous presidents' agree

violations of the famous presidents' agree-ment. These violations, it is said, have reference to the paying of unauthorized commissions on passenger business. The Burlington, the Rock Island and several

intere t. etc., \$1,561 120; total rocome, \$9,-808,007; intere t. t. xes. etc., \$1,403,825, leav-

of railroad commissioners has handed down a decision which is of interast to country jobbers, as it may be considered an indication of what the railing will be in the case of the wholesale grocers against

New York, New 34 - The failure of Field, Lindley, Wischers & Co. was complete. Assignee Gould said today that be had songht in vain for assets. There were none in the company's office, and be could discover no bank account. He had a fains hope that there might be some call loans, upon which he might realize enough to nay some few meanage expense. As it

but the president says that no such action could be taken without a formal com-plaint, and none has been made. Assignes Gould admits that there have

ment. These violations, it is said, have reference to the paying of unauthorized commissions on passenger business. The Burlington, the Rock Island and several other western roads are involved.

THE SANTA FEREPORT.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 30—The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railway company has submitted its annual statement to the railway commissioners. The report shows a very favorable condition of things. There is no floating debt, and two per cent interest was paid on the income bonds. The gross earnings from operation were \$24,054,420; operating expenses. \$7,745,612; income from operation. \$7,308,814; revenue from roads of a 8 st separately, dividends, interest, etc., \$1,001,130; istal moome, \$9,500,007; interest, two sets as a stime.

Assignee Gould admits that there have been crooked transactions, but attributes them all to Field, and says that he is confident that his partners knew nothing of it. He says that Lindley could have change without knowing their history. Lindley, on account of the illness of his wife, who is now at the point of death, went direct from the Stock exchange to his home, and did not go to the office for weeks at a time. Mr. Gould says that he has found only \$500 of assets, and that there may be \$2,000 available, which will be used in paying the clerks their salaries.

THE TERRILL TRIAL.

THE TERRILL TRIAL.

Special Dispatch to the Daily Eagle.

STILLWATER, O. T., Nov. 30.-The case of the territory of Oklahoma against Ira N. Terrill, charged with the murder of George W. Embree, still continues in our district court. A jury was secured for the trial late Friday evening, and the evidence is now being submitted. The opening statement on behalf of the prosecution was made Saturday morning by Colonel T. S. Jones, county attorney of Logan county, and for the defense by Hon. Frank Dale of the Guthrie bar. A Logan county, and for the defense by Hon. Frank Dale of the Guthrie bar. A

John W. Lay and Milton P. Morton. OKLAHOMA TERRITORY.

hope that there might be some call loans, apon which be might realize enough to Day some few necessary expenses. As it D. Williams and William Chambers.

THE FIGHT FOR THE SPEAKERSHIP OF THE HOUSE.

The Supporters of Both Mills and Crisp Confident of a Majority of the Party Cancus.

Secretary Blaine to Define His Position With Reference to the Presidential Nomination-State of His Health.

Report of the Superintendent of the Free Delivery Postal Service-Argument in the Tariff Case Commenced Before the Supreme Court - Money Due the Indians by the Government-Chilian Exhibit at the Fair-Notes.

Washington, Nov. 30 - From consulta-ons now taking place among the repre-entatives, interesting developments in the sentatives, interesting developments in the speakership coutest may result any day between this and Saturday. All five of the avowed condidates are now in Washington, Mr. Hasch of Missouri and his principal workers having arrived today and taken headquarters at William's hotel. Messrs, Crisp and Mills are each very sanguine of winning, and each expresses the helief that the contest will be short. Sharp and decisive, Messrs Springer, McMillin and Hatch express themselves as of the opinion that the fight in the caucus will be of considerable duration. Each of these gentlemen sayslihat he is in the fight to the end, and each sees in a prolonged fight a fair chance of ultimate victory. The friends of Mr. Crisp said today that he is the second choice of more congressmen than any other candidate. They expect at least 100 votes on the first ballot, and phophesy Mr. Crisp's election on the second ballot. Mr. Milis was in excellent spirits and was confident of his election on the first ballot. Messrs, Springer and McMillin were also confident of election. The latter looked for a stubborn contest, and in such a fight, he believes that he peakership contest may result any day setween this and Saturday. All five of The latter looked for a stubborn

the race for the speakership in good faith, not for personal ambition, but as a representative of the more and the formers, five of whom are Republicans, five Democrats and two People's party followers. It consists of young men, most of whom are under 35 years of age and only two of whom are over 40. Their names are as follows: George W. Lewis, S. P. Bittle, J. J. Wingfield, William Woodworth, William J. Abbott, Charles A. Vreeland, Frank Witteman, S. K. Lewis, Howard Stonebraker, J. E. Scott, Elmer Hutchinson and John Haim. It is a thoroughly representative jury and may air, maich stated tonight that he was in the race for the speakership in good faith,

TOPAD IN 1987 A COUNTY OF THE WORKSHOP OF THE

dollars, and this does not, by any means, represent the maximum amount of the claims that are already prepared and will be filed as soon as the adjustment of the legal questions pending has been had.

In conclusion, Mr. Pollock suggests a modification of the existing law, so that it will provide for the promotion of carriers who have shown faithful and efficient service.

THE TARIFF CASES.

THE TARIFF CASES.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—Three tariff cases involving the constitutionality of the McKiniey tariff act came up for argument in the United States supreme court this afternoon. All the justices were present. Notwithstanding the great importance of the suits, only a small audience was present. The three cases before the court are those of Boyd, Sutton & Co. and Sternbach & Co. of New York city and Marshal, Field & Co. of Chicugo, against the collectors of customs of New York and Chicago, respectively. Torce points are involved in the decision of the suits. The court heart all the cases as one, and made an order by which to each of the attorneys representing the three firms was assigned one of the points at issue, to be reviewed in the opening argument. The argument will be continued tomorrow.

INDIAN CLAIMANTS.

Washington, Nov. 30.—The court of claims today gave judgment for \$33,000 in favor of the "old settlers," or western Cherokee Indians, in a suit against the United States to recover money alleged to be due them under the treaty of 1846.

Washington, Nov. 20.—A delegation of Cheyeone and Arapahoe Indians had a conference with Secretary Noble today and asked that the \$250,000 due them as compensation for land ceded to the government be paid in cash, instead of in stores. The secretary said that he would consider the request after they had shown a disposition to take lands in severality.

THE CHILIAN EXHIBIT. CHICAGO, Nov. 30.—Acting Secretary of State Wharton today forwarded to Di-rector General Davis of the world's fair the following telegram, received from the minister of the United States at Santiago: "The Chilian government confirms and continues the arrangements made by the iste government for the Childan represen-tation at the Chicago exposition." This notion of the Childan government is a surprise to the fair officers and seems ate that the government of that re

public believes there is no possibility of

THE KENRICK JUBILEE. St. Louis, Nov. 30,—On Nov. 30, 1841, just fifty years ago, Peter Richard Kenrick was consecrated a bishop of the Roman Catholic church. On this, the fittieth anniversary of his consecration, his golden jubilee is being celebrated with a grandeur, pomp and glorification by the entire Catholic world that has never beentire Catholic world that has never before been witnessed, excepting, of course,
the golden jubilee of Lee XIII. Only once
before has the golden jubilee of a bishop
been celebrated—that of John McHale,
archbishop of Tunn, Ireland. The event
is so rare that the whole Catholic world
is interested in it, and, in this case, not
simply because such celebrations are infrequent, but because Archbishop Kenrick has filled these fifty years with usefulness and good works, and were it not,
for the fact that on a notable occasion he
incurred the displeasure of the holy see by
declaring boldiy his unbelief in the infallbility of the pope, he would now be a

performance in all, Na. Na. and the number of pieces of piant handled was 20,00%.

204.800.

Considerable attention is given in the report to the surjet of over-time cining the hours that carriers shall be employed per day. The practical effect of this act, the report states, has been the fining of an encounts number of over-time cinims, aggregating nearly half a million of the measures to effect a channel.